BURDICK

Wife of Murdered Man on the Stand.

SAID SHE LOVED PENNELL

No Nearer Solution of the Mystery Apparently.

LETTER OF INCRIMINATION

Burdick Would Have Forgiven but Pennel in the Way.

Buffalo, N. Y., March 23.-Mrs, Alice Huli Burdick, widow of Edwin L. Burunderwent a merciless examination by District Attorney Coatsworth this af-termoon at the resumption of the inquest into the death of her husband, who was aurdered on February 25. Mrs. Burdick has on the stand when court adjourned ntil 10 o'clock temorrow morning. She will then be recalled to complete her tes. timony. With a package of letters in his hands, some of which had been written to Mrs. Burdick by Arthur R. Pennell. respondent in the divorce proceedings fituted by Mr. Burdick, and other imunications between Mr. Burdick and his wife. Mr. Coatsworth forced Mrs. Burdick to tell the story of her relations with Pennell from the time he first made love to her in New Haven in 1886, until 201, when these relations were renewed after Burdick had forgiven his wife and had taken her back to his home for the sake of their children, Mrs. Burdick was deathly pale while on the witness stand. She answered questions in a low. faltering tone, evading a direct answer never possible, and reluctantly ad-ing facts when the district attorney itliessly read extracts of the love letters written to her by Arhur R. Penneil. Not since the inquest in to the murder began has there been such intense interest in the proceedings. As early as 11 to clock in the morning men and women, mostly women, applied at the police court or seats. Judge Murphy ordered the com cleared and no one was admitted intil 1 ociock. When the inquest was esumed at 2 o'clock most of the specresumed at 2 o'clock most of the spectators in the crowded court room were tor she had ceased to love him and that when Mrs. Burdick took the witness stand. Mrs. Burdick testified that she stand. Mrs. Burdick testified that she fact that rMs. Burdick was wearing a ring given to her by Pennell over her own lawful wedding ring. Burdick departs three children. She met Pennell at a card party five or six years ago, at which Mr. Burdick was present. She went to New Haven and New York with the Pennells in 1888. Mr. Burdick did in another letter Burdick wrote that he Frisco is negotiating for their use. unds where more than two years ago

"We up not wish rto object, but we trust that no unnecessary questions will be asked," said Mr. Hartzell, district attorney produced the let-

Do you recognize is as Pennell's hand-

Yes, whispered Mrs. Burdick. And you recall the incident now?"

Mrs. Burdick, in recalling the incident, confessed that Penneli went into a door-way, drew her in, took her in his arms and kissed her. She thought she remon-strated. She did not remember that Pen-neil was at Shelter Island in September. 1800, nor a letter from him in which he wrote that he had found her gloves in the pocket of his Tuxedo. The letter was ded to ber. She read it hastily and

did not remember having seen it beom Shelter Island, written in Septem-1900, and it was identified by her. Mrs. Hurdick was then questioned at some length relative to the meaning of "1, 2, 3," referred to in a latter by Pennell, in which he said. I will meet you are 1, 2, 3 Wednesday morning, but

she said, at which she used to meet him. Mr. Coatsworth produced another letter, postmarked New Haven, September Mrs. Burdick said she recalled receiving it. Pennell wrote: "I shall try and comfort myself by telephoning you from New York and on Thursday shall know the exquisite happiness of seeing

ocket," and declared her "my love, my life, my dearest own.

addressed to Mrs. Burdick. In this

ing your dear, sweet voice.

Mr Coatsworth showed the witness anther letter written from New York by countryl and addressed to Mrs. Burdlek. The meldents related by Mrs. Burdlek to-day that Mr. Burdlek sent her away from home the second time. Her second in the remember having received it. woll read it and see if it will refresh and lasted until after the murder of

"As I looked into your bautiful eyes last right I feared there was some tiroughed hidden there. I did not know, but I feared it was because of other reasons than because I was going away. If there was, dearest, I wish you would tell me. There is that in the manner of your husband toward you that makes me fear that application for a writ of habeas corpus in the United States senate will now kill for the I might kill him." Do you remember reading that letter?"

No, sir."

I woll read it and see if it will refresh your beautiful eyes last she knows of the move on to tell what she knows of the move being under the move on to tell what she knows of the move on to tell what she knows of the move on to tell what she knows of the move on to tell what she knows of the move on to tell what she knows of the move on to tell what she knows of the move on to tell what she knows of the move on to tell what she knows of the move on to tell what she knows of the move on to tell what she knows of the move on to tell what she knows of the move on to tell what she knows of the move on to tell what she knows of the move on to tell what she knows of the move on to tell what she knows of the move on to tell what she knows of the move on to tell what she knows of the move on to tell what she knows of the move on to tell what she knows of the move on the signation of General Castro is indicative of the present condition of unrest and instability in Venezuela probably for exhallowing a general change of gov.

New York March 22—After a hearing in the United States senate will now kill the treaty.

College is Burned.

Canton, Mo. March 22—The Christian because I was going a day. If there was designed to secure an endorsement of his policy in the treaty.

There is that in the manner of your hat makes me fear that the amendment adopted the treaty.

Canton, Mo. March 22—The Christian because I was designed to secure an endorsement of his policy in the treaty.

The treaty is the treaty of the present condition of General Castro is indicative

whether her husband was aware of the fact that she was receiving letters from Pennell. Her habit had been to keep her letters locked in a box. Her husband first knew of her intimacy with Pennell, she thought, in January, 1961, when she told him, in reply to a question, that she had been walking with Pennell. He told her she was very imprudent. She agreed with him then and did not now. "Did you give the letters to Burdlek?" "I don't know."
"Did you take some letters from that box and give them to him?" "I unlocked it."

"I unlocked it."

"How did you happen to unlock it?"
"He forced me to."
"How did he force you?"
"He took me by the throat."

She did not remember whether at that ime Pennell was the subject of a dis-ussion with her husband. She did not know whether some of the letters read were in the box at that time. It was in January, 1991, when he choked her. She could not remember when she rented a box in a safe deposit company's vault. It was not about the time her husband choked her, but recently when she received papers from detectives about Pur-

ceived papers from detectives about Burdick. Her husband had not started the divorce proceedings. It was she that wanted a divorce from him. She had no love for him, but did love Penneil, whom she expected marry. He had a wife, but he expected they would be divorced. In reply to a question as to whether Mrs. reply to a question as to whether Mrs. Pennell had consented to a divorce, she

"Sometimes she did and sometimes she did not."

Witness admitted, however, that she had never talked with Mrs. Penneil on the subject. Penneil had hired the detectives who shadowed hur husband. Her husband sent her away in May, 1901, on account of Mr. Penneil. Mrs. Coateaworth showd her a letter written by her from Atlantic City, Mrs. 1901, in which from Atlantic City, May E, 1991, in which she begged to be taken back, promising never to see "Arthur" and that she would be a loving and true wife. In that letter she said she could not promise that Pennell would leave town, but declared that he would do what she said. She admitted writing the letter and said. clared that he would do what she said. She admitted writing the letter and said at that time she had hired no detectives. A second letter, written by Mrs. Burdick to her husband in the same year, was read, in which she spoke of having received Burdick's letter and said that Pennell had not promised to leave town if Mr. Burdick took her back; that she and Pennell had realized that they must and Pennell had realized that they must give each other up, but that Pennell de-clined to do anything that would mean a loss of his self respect.

Another letter, written by Mrs. Burdick to her husband, referred to her being taken back home. She promised never again to voluntarily see or communicate with "Arthur." She made a plea on behalf of the children. She promised to be a good girl to him. Mrs. Burdick admitted that she wrote the letter is good admitted that she wrote the letter is good. admitted that she wrote the letter in good faith and that she did not keep her prom-ise. Another letter was read in reply to one from Mr. Burdick, in which he had evidently declined to take her back.

June 6 was the date of another letter written by Mrs. Burdick to her husband. She wrote of having been notified of the she wrote of having been notified of the divorce suit brought against her. On one occasion Burdick wrote her that she could not be trusted. He said that if she loved Pennell as she said she did he did not blame her for what she did; that if he loved a weman as she did Pennell he would do as she was doing.

went to New Haven and New York with
the Pennells in 1898. Mr. Burdick did
not go, being detained by business. No
unusual friendship sprang up between
her and Pennell. Witness did not recall
a letter from Pennell written in New
Haven in 1990, in which he said: "Yesterday I was at the gateway on the campus

his wife.

In another letter Burdick wrote that he
forgave his wife the wrong she had done
him. In another Burdick declared he
had determined to fight for the little
bonor she had left him, and, after getting
a divorce, to fight for the children: He
day I was at the gateway on the campus

Summons Served on Eight Coal Com
panies for Conspiracy,
Indianapolis, March 23.—Summons wer Burdick being fought out in on Three weeks after this letter Mrs. Bur-dick was taken back by her husband.

served today on eight indiana coal com-panies, ordering them to appear before Judge C. C. Kohlsaat of the United States is enshrined to me."

At this point Attorney Hartzell, Mrs.
After returning from Atlantic CRy and application for a restraining order filed purpose of the questions. Judge Murphy good wife, she met Pennell. It was not her habit to meet him, she said, but he her habit to meet him, she said, but he could object to her answering the habit to meet him, she said, but he violating a provision of the Sherman act. her habit to meet him, she said, but he was constantly begging her to do so, and she did meet him in a house on Seventh street. She was there one time when Burdlick came, but he did not see her, as the stepped out of the window and went the stepped out of the stepped out be asked," said Mr. Hartzell,
district attorney produced the letter and handed it to the witness, who
trombled violently sion caught Pennell as he was jumping

out of the window and that they took him back to the room. Mrs Burdick admitted having met Pennell in another house on Seventh street after that incident. She at first dealed meeting Pennell elsewhere, but on Mr. Coatesworth telling her that Pennell had told him differently she admitted that she

had met Pennell at a house on Whitney Place two or three times. George C. Miller, attorney for Edwin L. Burdick in the diverce proceedings against Mrs. Burdick, was the first wit-ness of the day. He told in detail all the steps that had been taken at the re quest of Mr. Burdick to secure a divorce He last saw Mr. Burdick on the after noon & the day he was murdered. Mr Burdick spnt half an hour with him, discussing the divorce matter. He did not state that he had an appointment with any one at his home that night.

"Mr wirdick was ready at all times to sacrince his own ease for those of his children," said Mr. Miller. "He carried a revolver, but I never heard him say that he feared harm from Pennell. At a conference at my office Pennell made one or two statements from which an never heard Pennell say that unless the

The testimony given by Henry C. Orett, the furnace man at the Pennell harne, was unimportant. He simply stated that he removed the ashes from Pennell's furnace on the morning after the murder, He found no buttons, buckles or metallic substances in the ashes. Pennell put

as had been his custom.

Lizzie Romance, maid at the Pennell house at the time of the murder, gave testimony favorable to Mr. Pennell, She said Mr. Pennell was with his wife in their room reading at 1.45 on the night of the murder. She saw them again at 10 o'clock when she passed their door. She slid not see them again until the next morning. The servant said she fid not notice the suit of clothes Pennell had on Thursday night before the murder or the one he had on Friday morning. The girl admitted that she pressed Pennell's trousas had been his custom.

Lizzie Romance, maid at the Pennell house at the time of the murder, gave testimony favorable to Mr. Pennell. She more and more that you are the only wo-man in the world for me."

The you remember getting that letter "day in the district attorney.

The said that she ressed Pennell's trousers, but she said she could not remember which he wore on either occasion. She had not noticed whether early of his more and I shall once more see the light in your eyes and experience puradise within your arms. What or whether or not Me and Me a buracise within your arms. What is he mean by that Mrs. Burdick?"

Jon't know."

What does he mean by the 'paradise but your arms?"

their deaths. Buffalo, N. Y., March 23.—It was after

Is Now South of Memphis, and Levees are Low.

WATER GUAGE IS

Maximum Is Topped Five Feet at Natchez.

HIGH WINDS

Labors Rushed to Point of Danger at Everston.

Memphis, March 23.-The river has re mained stationary all day at 39.5 feet, and tonight it is reported to be falling. The danger from the flood in this terrtory is considered to be practically over center of interest is now the situa-south of Memphis, along the levees of Mississippi, Louisiana and Arkansas. There has been much wind today and this has caused uneasiness for those points along the southern levees that are but a

foot or more above the flood.

Natchez, Miss., March 23.—Sycamore levee, ten miles above Vidalia, over which these has been so much uneasiness is now a foot higher than in 1897. Work on it has been pushed rapidly. The Natchez gauge tonight shows 48.9 feet, or 5.5 feet above the maximum of 1897, and is rising.

Vicksburg, Miss., March 23-A new dan-Vicksburg. Miss., March 22—A new danger point has appeared on the Mississippi river at Everton, three miles south of Rosedale, in Bolivar county. The main levee at that point is said to be sloughing badly. A train bearing several hundred laborers was rushed to Everton from Greenville. High northwesterly winds have prevailed today, adding another element of danger to the situation. Scores of refugees, many of them desti-Scores of refugees, many of the situation.
Scores of refugees, many of them destitute, came yesterday and today the problem of what to do with them is becoming
severe. Forty or fifty negro families
living in the lowiands at Kolinston, this
county, fied from their homes this evening, a small protection levee having
given away. Gauge here tonight registers 5.11, a two-tenths rise since

Summons Served on Eight Coal Companies for Conspiracy. Indianapolis, March 23.—Summons w served today on eight Indiana coal co Chicago, Judge Chetlain decided that the state courts had no jurisdiction and that any action against them must be had through the federal courts. The papers arrived here early this morning from Chicago and United States Marshal Pettit put special deputies at work serving the summons. The Chicago federal authori-ties sent with the instructions an order that the matter be kept from the news-

WORST OF SEASON.

Railroad Traffic Belated and Telegraph

Lines Tied Up.
Milwaukee, March 23.—Despite the adcanced season. Wisconsin today experienced season, wisconsin cyally experi-enced one of the worst snowstorms of the winter. Reports from several cities in the interior are to the effect that nearly a foot of snow had fallen up to mid-night. Railroad traffic on most of the lines is seriously belated and the mails throughout the state are from one to throughout the state are from one to several hours late. A report from Bar-aboo says that the most severe storm of the season raged all day and that more than 6 inches of snow had fallen up to

Reports from cities in the Northern part of the state are to the effect that railroads and telegraphs are tied up:

OIL BUILDS ROADS.

Milwaukee and Chicago to Be Connected by Electricity. Chicago, March 31-The Chronicle to

morrow will say: A new railroad, using electric motor power between Chicago and Milwaukee, passing through Walkegan, Kenosha and Racine, will be in operation inside of

NOT MERE FORMALITY. his Castro's Resignation Accepted as Fact

Abroad. Paris. March 33.—An official dispatch has been received here from Carcas giving the causes which led up to President Castro's resignation. It shows that this action was not a mere formality, as some of the dispatches indicated, but was the outgrowth of serious conditions caused by the recent international entanglements. The dispatches say the main cause of the The dispatches say the main cause of the president's resignation was the troubles with Germany, which besides being difficult of solution, have caused widespread alarm. The situation, it is added, has been further complicated by the activity of the revolutionary bands. The dispatch clearly conveys the impression that the resignation of General Castro is indicative of the present condition of unrest and instability in Venezuela, probably foreshadowing a general change of government.

any case, the German foreign office expects General Castro's successor will
carry out the terms of the protocol, and
it is not thought that any fresh complications are likely to grow out of the
present turn of politics at Carcas.

Washington, March 23.—United States
Charge Russell at Caracas has cabled
the state department that the Venezuelan
congress has unanimously decided to accept the resignation of President Castro.

PEOPLE WANT ROOSEVELT. Trip Could Be Indefinitely Prolonged

With Encores.

Washington, March 23.—The people of the states through which the president is to travel on his western trip have been besieging him through their representatives and senators for changes in the schedule so as to take in points at which no stops have been arranged. As a rule it is impossible to comply with such requests without upsetting the whole schedule, bu where slight changes can be made by rearranging the time within a state, they are being made. For instance, today, at the request of Senator Foster and Representatives Cushman and Humphreys of Washington, the Washington schedule was altered so as to extend the time of the president's stay at Seattle and Spokane. Under the new arrangement the president With Encores. der the new arrangement the president will leave Tacoma at 9 a. m., Saturday, May 22, for Bremerton, leaving there at 11 o'clock. Scattle will be reached at 1 Il o'clock. Seattle will be reached at 1 p. m. The party will go to Everett by bout, arriving there at 5:30. Tt 7 p. m. the return trip to Seattle will be made. There the original schedule will be made. There the original schedule will be resumed. Senators Hansbrough of North Dakota and Hayburn of Idaho also were at the White House today to secure changes in the schedule, but in their cases no alterations could be made. The latter wanted to arrange for trips down into one of the big mines for the president, but it could not be made. It is understood that Mrs. Roosevelt and children will spend the time during the president's trip at Sagamore Hill, Oyster Bay, and on his return he will join his family and spend the summer there, much as he did last summer.

WRECKED BY LANDSLIDE. One Killed, Several Injured, by Rock

One Killed, Several Injured, by Rock on the Track.

Atlanta, Ga., March 23.—The northbound passenger train on the southern Rallway which left this city last night for Washington was wrecked this morning at Ayersvalle, Ga., near Toccoa, 80 miles north of this city by a landsilde of rock. One person was instantly killed and the fireman and engineer of the train, both of Atlanta, severely bruised and scaled.

The dead: Unknown tramp. The inured: Edward Miller, engineer; arm broken

and severely scalded.
Frederick Thompson, fireman; badly bruised and scalded.
The train was approaching a deep cut when without any warning a large slide or rock fell across the track. None of the passengers were hurt.

MONEY WENT RIGHT. Accounts Examined and Found to Be

Correct.

Washington, March 23.—At the request of Dr. rienrik Muler, who, as representa-tive of the Orange Free State, visited the United States and other countries si-liciting funds for the relief of his coun-trymen in the Seath African war, a board of eminent Hollanders has examined into his management and administration. The report of the board is signed by Count E. Van Bylandt, LL. D., envoy extra-ordinary and minister pleningtentiary to

that the moneys received have been in accordance with the wishes of the do-

has accounted to W. J. C. Brobner, the last government secretary of the Orange Free State. This account closes with a balance to the governor's debt.

VOTED AND ADJOURNED.

Male Congregations Teaching Subject

of Ballot. Paris, March 23.—Toward the end of today's session the chamber of deputies took up the application for authorization made by the preaching orders. These orders form the second class into which the commission has divided the male congregations and include the English congregations and include the English Passionist Fathers in whose cause Brit-ish Ambassador Monson and United States Ambassador Porter interested themselves because the passionist order have an Angio-American church in the Ruo Hoche here. The debate did not make much progress because the Na-tionalist deputy, M. Lasiese introduced a resolution calling upon the govern-ment to hold a referendum in the locality in the congregation existing in order to ascertain whether the inhabitants desire the dissolution of these religious institutions. M. Lassies demanded urgent consideration for his resolution and the debate on this demand took up the rest of the sitting. The chamber finally, at Premier Combe's urgent solicitation, renewed consideration, 777 votes to 157 and then adourned.

RENDERS FINAL DECREE.

Transfer of Policies Was Fraaudulent and Directs Reorganization. Topeka, Kan., March B -- Judge Hook of the United States district court today rendered a final decree in the case insti-tuted by D. M. Duggan against the Kansas Mutual Life Insurance company, for which receivers have been appointed. The attorneys for the insurance company and ration of the company. There are about

PALMA IS ANXIOUS.

Tells Senate Treaty Must Be Ratified

by March 31. Havana, March II - President Palma has sent a message to the senate to the effect that unless the amendments adopt-ed by the senate and approved before March 21, it will be impossible to conclude the reciprocity treaty. President Palma understands that the house of representa-tives will be convened in separate session and that the matter will be carried through by October. The senators sup-porting the administration are confident

War in Mindanao Not Yet Over With Ladrones.

TROOPS TO THE FRONT

First Time Since Peace Was Declared in Islands.

SITUATION IS CRITICAL

Steps Taken to Pacify Natives -Governor Taft There.

Manila, March 21.-The town of Suriago

in the northeastern part of the island of

Mindanao was captured yesterday by Le-drones, who killed Constabulary Inspec-tor Clarke and several others. A detach-ment of thirty men, belonging to the Tenth infantry, under the command of Lieutenants Patterson and Brown, is hur-rying from ilogan on the northwest coast of Minadanna to Spriage on the transcorr rying from ilogan on the northwest coast of Minadanae to Suriago on the transport Reilly, with orders to recapture the place. Brigadier-General Sumner, commanding the department of Minadano, has been ordered to send two additional companies of troops to Suriago. It is reported that the Ladrones are holding the town, but details of the fight have not been received. The fate of the white officials and other foreigners is not known. If they have been captured, vigorous measures will be taken to rescue them. This is the first time American troops have been used time American troops have been used since peace with the Moros was declared. Governor Taft and General Davis are Governor Taft and General Davis are going to Jolo for a conference with the Sultan and leading Moros of Jolo, in the hope of averting trouble. They will leave here Wednesday on the transport Ingalis. No advices have been received from Jolo since Saturday. The situation there is regarded as being critical, although Governor Taft and General Davis hope to uell the unrest and to succeed in making the Moros understand the intentions of the Americans.

the Americans. The burial ship. Presteus, has arrived here from the Joio archipelago, bringing the bodies of five hundred soldiers and a few civilians. The bodies will be sent home on a transport.

MORE ARMY SCANDAL. Chief Steward Charged With Taking

Per Cent of Orders. Newport, R. I., March 22.—Chief Com-missary Steward George H. Eads, whose court martial has been set for Wednes-day, with Lieutenant Commander Knapp, E. Van Bylandt, LL. D., envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to
the eNtherlands and member of the
States General; N. G. Pierson, Ll. D.,
ex-president of the Bank of the Netherlands and ex-minister of finance and
C. M. Van Vliet, auditor general of the
kingdom and is to this effect:

"The management have found the man. The management have found the man- to \$162.86 in two years; that in the san agement and administration in perfect period he received from Reagan three order and have also satisfied themselves cases of beer and other articles of value, without reimbursing Reagan for the same or intending to do so; that in a like period he exacted and received 3 percent commission from A. W. Arthur, of Newport, for bakers stuff furnished the boys mess, amounting to about \$1,000, and that he ordered from Simpson, Intrye & Co., of Boston, certain tube of butter, without making or intending to make without making or intending to make compensation therefor. These charges are signed by Charles H. Darling, acting Judge Advocate General Lemley.

Terms Not Satisfactory and They Vote

on Course. New York, March 23.—By a practically manimous vote the newly organized Manhattan Elevated railway employes tonight refused to accept a proposition made by the officials of the road looking to a settlement of the grievances of the me The scale of the company on which the men voted is: Motormen to remain at \$1.50 per day; conductors from \$2.30 to \$2.50 per day; turnstile men. \$1.50 to \$2; ticket choppers or gatemen. \$1.55 to \$1.40 per day the first year and \$1.50 thereafter; telegraph operators to remain at \$2.5; switchmen, \$2.10 to \$2.20 per day; guards \$1.85 per day, the same as now; agents 12 per day; tower switchmen, 12.47 per

The meeting continued all day, so as The meeting continued all the give all the men a chance to vote. The feeling against the proposed schedule manifested itself from the very first, better was no provision for a recause there was no provision for a rehour day, or as near a nine-hour day as the schedule of the train runs will permit. One of the officials of the men's organization said tonight:

we will insist on our demands. Of course, in considering the advisability of a strike we will not lose sight of the in-convenience to the public, and we will go as far as possible to have the matter settled by arbitration. But we must have the nine-hour day and the wage scale we have asked for."

RIOTING AT TRINIDAD.

Bluejackets Landed to Quell Disturb

ance—Several Killed.

Kingston, St. Vincent, March 22-A ser-lous riot was in progress at 2.30 o'clock this afternoon in Port of Spain. Trinidad, according to a dispatch just received from that city. A mob aftempted to burn the government buildings there and the police had to fire on the rioters killing or wounding several of them. The British cruiser Falles, at the time the dispatch left, was landing blue jackets. The riot-ing was due to the refunal on the part of the government to withdraw an ordi-nance concerning the new water works. of the government to withdraw an ordinance concerning the new water works to protest against which several public meetings had been held. A demonstration was made during today's meeting of the legislative council and finally the mobility and the government buildings and set fire to them. The riot act was read and the police fired on the mob. The city is mind as one of the commissi in a state of great excitement.

WHAT WILL HE SAY!

for Information. Fort Yellowstone, National Park, March Fort Yellowstone, National Park Marie II - Over the length and breadth of the National Park there swept a terrific mow-storm yesterday and last night. It deepened the snow that airendy lay on the ground, filled up the guiches and mode travel, even for the ski runners, who travel from snow station to snow who travel from snow station to snow station on patrol duty, well nigh impos-sible. Altogether the prospect of passa-ble trails and pleasing weather when the president comes to visit the park. two weeks benea is not at all good. Ma-

The Wichita Baily Eagle.

Weather for Wichita Today:

MPORTANT NEWS OF TODAY

1. Burdick Inquest Held Conditoion of Flood Crushed Heads of Little Ones To Avert Trouble

L'Gertrade Wadsworth's Sulcide Johnson Advocates Convention Relative to Affairs of Sanitarium

, Wichita Livestock Market Review of the Grain Markets New York Stocks and Bonds

4. Eagle's Editorial Page

5, End of Campaign in Sight Eastern Real Estate Men Coming

6. From Newsboy to Judge Time of Orient Trains Into Wichita

7. May brick Case Ended

S. Xicaraguan Revolution Music and Drama City in Briet.

for Pitcher, superintendent of the park declared that President Roosevelt will do no hunting in the park. His gun will be sealed by the military when he enters the park, just as though he were an ordinary citizen. It is understood the in-formation received by Major Pitcher, from Washington, is that one of the chief purposes of the president's visit to the park is to examine the precautions that are being taken for the preservation of game and to see what steps are necessary to make the protection still more effective.

SOUFRIERE IS ACTIVE. Land Beyond Georgetown is Now

Abandoned. Island of St. Vincent, March 23-6:30 p. m.-The cruption of the Sou-friere continues. The volcano has been cannonading all day and the quantity of ejecta is apparently greater than at the ejecta is apparently greater than at the time of either of the previous eruptions, but stormy winds are driving the clouds northward. There has been a heavy fall of stones and black sand in the northern districts, which caused a few casualties. The inhabitants are merging southward in great excitement. Barbados reports that darkness spread over that island at il o'clock in the morning. The obscurity was accompanied by a fall of red dust. Roseau, Island of Dominica, March 23.—Frequent muffled detonations were heard during the afternoon of Saturday and Sunday morning from the southeast and the clouds traveling westward were laden with dust.

The activity of the Soufriere during The activity of the Soufriere during apping wound in her throat.

volcanic dust and the land owners and growers are in a state of despondency. At Georgetown windows were broken by falling stones, and the streets are covered with three or four inches of sa Earth fremors are felt constantly.

MORE GET-RICH-QUICK.

Hold.

St. Louis, March B.—By consent of depositors, the United States district court today ordered United States Marshal Morsey to take charge of the affairs of the International Investment company, which was conducted by J. W. Hogue, and to arreany for settlement House and to arrange for a settlement. Hogue, who was indicted several weeks ago, af-ter the failure of the concern, eraded service and has not been apprehended service and has not been apprehended. The assets of the concern are placed at \$8.00 to \$10.00. The liabilities are not known, but a book was turned over to Marshal Morsey containing about 1,000 names, supposed to be the list of depositors. More than 11,000 certificates of depositors in the John J. Ryan Investment commany are now in the books of Marshal company are now in the hands of Marshal Morsey. The aggregate amount of the deposits represented estimated \$100.00. It is said the assets will pay less than

20 cents on the dollar. CAPITAL MEETS LABOR.

Tomorrow Will Tell the Tale-Strike or No Strike.

Washington March II -For two bours
this morning J. Pierpont Morgan, Wil-liam Rockefeller and President Hall of the New ovrk. New Haven and Hartford railroad, discussed the possibility of a strike of the trainmen and conductors.

The Press will say tomorrow:
The conference was held in Mr. Morgan's private office. The company is to make answer tomorrow to the demands of the men and the employes are to make known just how far they will go in amending their original demands.

Hotel is Destroyed.

West Union, lown, March 21—The Arlington hotel was destroped by fire today and three persons were badly injured. The injured:

Mrs. McClintock, Augusts; both legs broken, arms and hands burned.

Julie Gleson, cook; right leg broken and body bedly burned.

Bertha Oleson, severely burned about Bertha Oleson; severely burned about arms.

The fire started in the insement and spread so rapidly that the Gremen were unable to check its progress.

The financial loss is estimated at \$15.00.

St. Louis, March 21.-Firemen called to extinguish flames in a dwelling on North Twelfth street tonight found the body of Mrs. Charles Adams lying on the

Crusned the Heads of Four Little Ones.

SETS FIRE TO DWELLING

The Father Faints When Scene Confronts Him.

HAD CUT OFF ALL ESCAPE

Manaic Nails Down Windows and Bars Doors.

Sturbridge, Mass., March III -- A frenzied after cutting off every means of es-cape by fastening windows and doors, crushed in the heads of her four little children today, threw their bodies into a closet, scattered oil over them and herself and then, after setting all on fire, closed her awful work by cutting her throat. It was Mrs. Peter Burke, the wife of a machinist in an Auger factory, who committed the fearful deed and her victims were Lilla, 5 years, William, 5 years, Louise, 2 years and May Rose, 5 menths old respectively. That the weman had previously shown signs of mental derangement, seems to be admitted, but that it should have taken such a violent that it should have taken such a violent form was not even thought of by her husband or her own relatives. But for the acidental discovery of the fire the deed of the muther might have been hidden forever from the world by the destruction of the house. Two boys happened to pass the house when they saw smoke coming from a window. They burst in the doors and tried first to put the fire out with buckets of water but it gained on them so fast that they were obliged to run for help. The neighbors prevented the flames from reaching above

with dust.

The activity of the Soufriere during last night was less formidable than during Saturday night, but the volcano is now again in violent eruption, throwing a black cloud over the entire colony. The country people are terrified. The land beyond Georgetown and Chateau Belair, where the erosion of the former deposits has been rapid since last Cetober, are again overwhelmed, causing serious hindrance to, if not the complete abandonment of future cultivation.

The manufactured arrow root expessed on the drying wires has been spoiled by on the drying wires has been spoiled by that was at the bottom of the pile. That of William the next eldest, was above hig sitest then care that of little Louise and finally the balty.

Mrs. Burke must have dragged all to children into the closet and then powered kerosene oil upon their clothing, about the walls and then herself.

The firt had so completely charred the woodwork and the flooring that no blood woodwork and the flooring that no blood spots could be found. The bodies of three of the children were burned almost to be unrecognizable, but that of Louise was

only scorched The body of Mrs. Burke was also builty burned. As soon as the fire was discovered in his house. Mr. Burke was notified and he arrived just as the bodies were found. He fainted from the shock. Mrs. friends say the union has always been

a happy one. FIVE THOUSAND OUT.

Colorado Miners Go Out, and the End Colorado Miners Go Out, and the End Not Yet.

Cripple Creek March 22.—The strike situation in this district is rapidly assuming an acute phase, and there is every localization that every mine in the district with the exception of Woods properties and the Portland company will be closed down within the next furty-eight hours. The Gold King mine laid off its force of fifty men tonight and the example will be followed in rapid necession until at least 5,000 men will be out of employment. Agent Hammons of the American Smelting and Resising company, has lean Smelting and Refining company, has notified the several mines that all ores contracted for by the United States Reduction and Refining company most be delivered to the mills specified in the continuts. As a great deal of ore con-tracted to the Standard Mill has been going to the fin-iters, this means that absolutely no ore can be skipped until the strike is over. The Denver and West ern reliway has immed orders for the abandonment of twelve suburban trains, and has ordered the lay off of two switch engines and one freight crew beside a number of other employes. The number affected is in The order is due to the

APPEAL FOR RELIEF.

Everything is quiet in the district to-

Native Esquimaux in Extremely Des Washington, March 31.-Creent appeals have been made to the war department for the relief of the native Esculmo and Indian inhabitants of Alaska who are reported to be in an exteremely destitute condition as a result of a strict enforcement of the laws prohibiting the taking or killing of for bearing animals in that territory. There is some doubt as to the authority of the war department to be seen food symptomic to see to take in the authority of the war department to be sun food supplies it such a case in the absence of legislative enactment, but, acting in the advice of Judge Advocate General Davis, instructions have been sent to the department communion to investigate the situation and in his dis-cretion to distribute rations in cases of emergency. This action was taken by

to the preservation of life. CASTRO HAS RESIGNED.

St. Louis, Marris and relation cated to extinguish flames in a dwelling on North Tweifth street tonight found the body of Mrs. Charles Adams lying on the floor. Apparently she had sufficiently and had not give a lucid account of how the fire started and was taken into confedy, pending an investigation.

THE WEATHER.

Washington, March II.—Forecast:
Kansas-Pair and warmer Tuesday:
Wednesday warmer:
Oklahoma and Indian Territory—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday; warmer Wednesday with the conductors of the evaluation. I will promise you to use all my influence with the conductors of the evaluation of the conductors of the evaluation.